

FAIR FIELD AND NO FAVOR TO BE G. O. P. POLICY

Central Committee Plans To Keep
Hands Off In Pre-primary
Campaign

DEMOCRATIC LEADERS ARE PLANNING SIMILAR COURSE

McCauley Said To Have May-
oralty Bee Now Buzzing In
His Bonnet

Whatever may be the differences in the Republican central committee over the personnel of that body, on one point at least the members are in perfect agreement, and this is that the party will pursue a "hands off" policy in the pre-primary campaign.

No active part whatever in advancing or impeding the candidacy of any candidate for office will be taken by the central committee or the county committees, except in some event where it might be necessary to challenge the right of a candidate to run under Republican colors.

From now until the primary is over, the committee will do practically nothing but "twiddle its thumbs" and make plans for the November election; it will give a fair field and no favors in the race for nominations, and when the primary is over and the winners are known, the committee will take off its coat and get busy.

Bourbons Follow Suit
The Democrats will do somewhat the same, though of course with the Pinkham-McCauley faction in existence, an appreciable amount of pre-primary pulling by the central committee may be expected in view of its open hostility to the governor and its boast that it defeated him thoroughly in the election to the St. Louis convention.

The Democratic central committee is completely under the control of the McCauley faction, with M. C. Pecheo as chairman, and no doubt it will play a few favorites where they are endangered by Pinkham men, but where this situation does not exist, the committee is expected to follow the Republican policy and keep hands off and let the best man win.

L. L. McCauley was approached last evening for an announcement of his candidacy for delegates, but he refused to say whether or not he will run.

"I'll discuss that later," was all he would say.
In the last day or two reports have been growing and taking on more and more the mark of authenticity, that Mr. McCauley has given up the idea of running against Prince Kuhio for the Washington post, and is now turning over in his mind two plans with the view of deciding on one or another—candidate for mayor or the senate.

Some Inside "Depe"
A good many of his political friends, who look on his ambition to defeat Kuhio as hopeless, especially in the light of the tremendous support the latter marshalled two years ago, are known to be urging him to run for mayor.

The municipal primary does not come until May, a remote date being set apart for that election on account of the recent change made in date city and county officials take office.

MR. THIELE WILL BOOST HAWAII DURING TRAVELS

Popular Honolulu Hotel Man Is
Going To Mainland

Theodore B. Thiele, manager of the Territorial Hotel Company, who is to leave Tuesday on a three months' vacation tour of the states, has promised to carry three trunks full of Hawaiian souvenirs and to act as official booster wherever he goes, for Honolulu and Hawaii.

He also is to take the orchestrations of a considerable number of Hawaiian melodies, which he will give to orchestral leaders of the big hotels he will visit as he travels across the continent to the Atlantic seaboard.
As a boniface and "greeter" Mr. Thiele is fairly well known among the hotel men of the States and his position will give him a standing enabling him to do the sort of boosting which will have large material results. He expects to call upon many of the most prominent hotel men in the East and will enlist their influence and assistance generally in turning the tourist tide toward the Islands.

OAHU RAILWAY HANDLES PASSENGERS WITH CARE

Fred C. Smith, general passenger agent of the Oahu Railway and Land Company, said yesterday that the twenty-seven years of that road's operation not one of its passengers has been killed. This record is considered unusual, indeed unique for any railway line of equal length operating as a general carrier. Smith, in making the announcement, declared the company is not boasting, for accidents will occur on the best and most carefully conducted roads.

EWA DOUBLES ITS MONTHLY DIVIDEND

Rate In Future To Be Two Per
Cent Instead of One As
Heretofore

The directors of the Ewa Plantation Company at their meeting yesterday voted to increase the monthly dividend from one to two per cent. Beginning July 31, and until further notice, the regular monthly payment will be two per cent, or \$100,000 instead of \$50,000, as heretofore.

Following this announcement, Ewa shares were in strong demand, advancing a half to \$6.75. Ewa was in strong demand at 19.75, and Waiwala at 37. Oahu sold up to 43 and Pioneer fell a quarter at the session from the between boards level of 54.25. Onomau lost \$1 and San Carlos one-eighth. H. C. & S. Co., Brown and Hawaiian Pines were unchanged.

Very small lots of Pashaun sold 2.75 off from last quotation, and Kahu 30 cents off. Three Olan byds sold at 102.50, a three-quarter point gain.

On the curb sales of about 300 Mineral Products at 92½ were posted, also 100 Honolulu Oil at 3.15 and 650 Engels Copper at 2.85. Bid and asked prices were Engels Copper, 2.65-2.67½; Mineral Products, 96-99; Mountain King, 82-85; Honolulu Oil, 3.20 bid, and Tipperary, 10 cents asked.

VOLCANO ASTOUNDS WILLIAM H. CRANE

Shatters All His Pre-Concepted
Ideas of Crater Says Vet-
eran Actor

"It is the most wonderfully terrifying scene I have ever witnessed. It transcends all my preconceived ideas I have seen Vesuvius in eruption; that was grand and awe-inspiring. I came to Hawaii and looked down into portions, cavernous depths and saw what makes volcanic eruptions."

In these words William H. Crane, America's foremost actor, last night sought to describe the impression that Halemau mau created upon him when he and James Woods, manager of the St. Francis hotel of San Francisco, visited the crater Friday and Saturday.
Mr. Crane asserted that Madame Pele is the most astounding, most impressive thing he has seen in his life, and he has witnessed some remarkable spectacles. He had heard much of Kilauea and its wonders, and was prepared, as tourists always are, to discount the stories when he gazed upon the thing itself.

"The stovepipe cone that had built up a day or two before our visit, had vanished," said he, "and the bottom of the pit was a seething, roaring, boiling cauldron. Great heights, great vistas, volcanic outbursts, are impressive and unforgettable; but you have at Kilauea a natural wonder that gives me, for one, a feeling that I have never known in the presence of any other of nature's mysterious works."

"That one sight is worth coming around the world to see. Human genius, expressed in words or picture, will never be able to do it justice; to give one who has never seen it a true conception of the wonder."

Mr. Crane and Mr. Woods returned from Hilo by the steamer Matsonia yesterday morning. Without loss of time they bundled into an automobile and took a trip around Oahu. Arriving at the Moana hotel early in the evening they dined and hastened on to the home of Henry R. Wolcott, Fourteenth and Palolo avenues, where they were entertained at dinner. They are to be guests at a luncheon at the Country Club at noon today.

JUDGE WILDER SELLS HIS HOME AT BEACH

Judge A. A. Wilder has sold his beach residence to J. L. Stack, of Chicago, for \$25,000. The home is one of the most attractive at Waikiki, being on the beach near Moana Hotel, where several of Honolulu's finest homes are located. It has been occupied lately by Mr. and Mrs. Jack London.

Mr. Stack is one of America's prominent advertising men, being a pioneer in modern methods of publicity. He came here on a visit and was so pleased with the place that he decided to make it his home.

Mr. Stack's purchase is of interest to beach property owners as setting a standard of values for residence property with beach frontage. There has been little of it in the market in recent years. Since Judge Wilder transferred his home to the Kalia road, his beach place has been managed by the Hawaiian Trust Company.

DIRECTORS OF HAWAII RAILWAY MEET DAILY

Albert F. Judd reported yesterday that the directors of the Hawaiian Consolidated Railroad Company are holding daily meetings to get all the numerous details of the reorganization perfected. The members of the board hold protective committee of the new defense Hilo Railroad Company were elected directors of the new corporation, as will be remembered.

OLD GREYHOUND IS BACK HOME AGAIN

Siberia Has Narrow Escapes In
European Waters; Now a
Japanese Vessel

SAN FRANCISCO, July 14.—After an absence of ten months, during which she has been plowing her way through the mine fields of Europe and has narrowly escaped being blown up by German submarine and mines or sunk by bombs dropped by Zeppelins, the Siberia, former "greyhound of the Pacific," returned to San Francisco through the Golden Gate yesterday afternoon. Instead of the Stars and Stripes flying from her stern and the seven striped house flag of the Pacific Mail, from the mainmast the Siberia was flying the sun flag of Japan, having been purchased by the Toru Kisha Kaisha line from the American transportation Company for \$2,000,000, double what the former concern paid for the vessel.

The Siberia narrowly escaped destruction April 3 while proceeding through the Bristol channel. The steamer was loaded with flour and other foodstuffs, and a German submarine was waiting for her to put in an appearance. Fortunately for the American vessel, a British torpedo boat, No. 115, was cruising in the vicinity, and the German undersea craft put two torpedoes into her. It was afterward learned that the two were the only torpedoes left aboard the submarine.

One of the shots tore away the entire side of the vessel. The Siberia came upon the scene just after the explosion, and was preparing to "take off" the crew when a British cruiser appeared on the scene.

While the Siberia was tied up at Tilton dock, twenty miles from London, March 30, a number of the crew were on the forward deck watching the stars, which were suddenly blotted out by the body of a big Zeppelin sailing from London after having bombarded the city.

While the crew were still watching, he searchlights picked the air fighter out and the guns began to bark, sending a shower of shrapnel about the ship, which arose to a great height. The aim of the gunners was true, however, for the next day the disabled ship came down and was captured.

Although the Siberia arrived flying the Japanese merchant flag, she was under temporary Japanese registry, but will receive full registry before departing for Vladivostok, whether her 5000-ton cargo is consigned. The "Maru" will be added to the name under which she sailed as a Pacific Mail liner. Capt. Adrian Zeeder and an American crew brought her here, but Capt. K. Hashimoto and a Japanese crew will take her out.

HONOLULANS GET PROFITS REPORT

Local Shareholders In Pacific Gas
and Electric Advised of
Net Earnings

Pacific Gas and Electric Company statements of earnings for June, 1916—six months to June 30 and twelve months to June 30—are at hand. Net earnings from operation during the year were \$7,855,995; from merchandise and miscellaneous sales, \$466,490; total net income, \$8,322,475. Payments of bond and other interest reduced this to \$4,475,782, \$170,795 was apportioned to sinking fund, leaving a net surplus \$4,304,987. The surplus of the company increased \$631,736 during the twelve months.

June net earnings, all charges deducted, were \$343,085, an increase of \$33,108 over June, 1915. The directors state that the total gross operating revenue derived from the exposition in June, 1916, was \$25,732.27. Excluding this from the comparison, the normal gross operating revenue in June, 1916, increased \$101,229.52. The increase of normal business was undoubtedly even greater than this, as no account has been taken of other temporary gross revenue indirectly due to the exposition in June, 1915, the exact amount of which is not ascertainable. Expenses were increased by setting aside \$10,000, more as a reserve for depreciation in conformity with the company's policy of making this reserve \$1,500,000 for the current year, as compared with \$1,280,000 during the year 1915.

BUMPS AND RUTS DELETED
Bumps and ruts in the driveways of the Capitol grounds are being deleted these days. It is understood that unnecessary traffic in the premises will also be deleted, the officer in charge of the grounds having been instructed to prevent the "short cuts" freight and other vehicles have made a practice of for some time past.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR FAMILY.
When you fail to provide your family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at this season of the year, you are neglecting them, as bowel complaint is sure to be prevalent, and it is too dangerous a malady to be trifled with. This is especially true if there are children in the family. A dose or two of this remedy will place the trouble within control and perhaps save a life or at least a doctor's bill. For sale by all dealers Benson Smith & Co., Agents for Hawaii.

Honolulu Wholesale Produce Market Quotations

ISSUED BY THE TERRITORIAL
MARKETING DIVISION July 21, 1916.

BUTTER AND EGGS	
Island butter, lb cartons	30 to 40
Eggs, select doz.	50
Eggs, No. 1, doz.	47
Eggs, No. 2, doz.	25 to 40
Eggs, duck	30

VEGETABLES	
Beans, string, green, lb.	0.02 1/2 to .03
Beans, string, wax, lb.	0.04 to .05
Beans, Lima in pod, lb.	0.05 1/2
Beans, dry	0.05 1/2
Beans, Maui Red, cwt.	5.25 to 5.55
Beans, calico, cwt.	4.50
Beans, small white, cwt.	8.00
Beets, doz. bunches	30
Carrots, doz. bunches	40
Cabbages, cwt.	2.50 to 3.00
Corn, sweet, 100 ears	2.00 to 2.25
Corn, Hawaiian, sm. yel.	40.00 to 42.00
Corn, Hawaiian, lg. yel.	35.00 to 38.00
Rice, Japanese seed, cwt.	3.70
Rice, Hawaii, cwt.	4.00

POULTRY	
Broilers, lb (2 to 3 lbs.)	28 to 40
Young roosters, lb.	23 to 35
Hens, lb.	20 to 28
Turkeys, lb.	40
Ducks, Muscovy, lb.	28 to 30
Ducks, Pekin, lb.	28 to 30
Ducks, Hawaii, doz.	6.50 to 7.00

ND. PRODUCE	
Peasants, small, lb.	0.04
Green peppers, Bell, lb.	0.05 to .06
Green peppers, Chili, lb.	0.05
Potatoes, 1st, Irish, lb.	2.00 to 2.25
Potatoes, 1st, Irish, new, lb.	0.08
Potatoes, sweet, cwt.	1.00 to 1.50
Onions, Bermuda	0.03 to .04
Taro, cwt.	30 to 75
Taro, bunch	15
Tomatoes, lb.	0.02 1/2 to .03
Green peas, lb.	0.20 to .30
Strawberries, lb.	30 to 40
Pumpkins, lb.	0.15 to .01 1/2

LIVESTOCK	
Aligators, pears, doz.	30 to 75
Canaries, bunch, Chinese	20 to 50
Canaries, bunch, Cocking	1.00 to 1.25
Broadfruit, doz. (none in market)	
Cigs, 100	85
Grapes, Isabella, lb.	0.05 to .07

(Beef, cattle and sheep are not brought at live weight. They are taken by the meat companies dressed and paid for by weight dressed.)
Hogs, up to 150 lbs. 10 to 11 Hogs, 150 lbs. and over .09 to .10

DRESSED MEATS	
Beef, lb.	10 1/2 to 12
Veal, lb.	12 to 13
Pork, lb.	13 to 17

HIDES (Wet-salted)	
Goat, white, each	10 to 20
Sheep, each	10 to 20

FEED	
Corn, sm. yel. ton	44.00
Corn, large yel. ton	44.00
Corn, rained, ton	45.50
Wheat, ton	38.00
Barley, ton	36.00 to 37.00
Scratch food, ton	40.00 to 48.00

The following are quotations on feed, L. & B. Honolulu:
Oats, ton 41.00
Wheat, ton 44.00 to 45.00
Middlings, ton 43.00 to 45.00
Hay, wheat, ton 28.50 to 33.00
Hay, Alfalfa, ton 28.50 to 30.00
Alfalfa meal, ton 27.50 to 28.00

The Territorial Marketing Division is under supervision of the U. S. Experiment Station, and is at the service of all citizens of the Territory. Any produce which farmers may send to the Marketing Division is sold at the best obtainable price. A marketing charge of five per cent is made. It is highly desirable that farmers notify the Marketing Division what and how much produce they have for sale and about when it will be ready to ship. See shipping mark of the Division in R. E. S. Letter address: Honolulu, P. O. box 1237. Salesroom, Waikehi corner Maunaloa and Queen streets. Telephone 1840. Wireless address, TERMARK.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER

The general condition of the market is about the same as last week, except for a rise in the egg and corn prices and a drop in the price of Island potatoes.

The Boys' Industrial School, which has been sending in a first class grade of broomery butter, is now unable to supply the increased demand, and there is room for other careful butter makers to get a good price for their product. Carelessly made butter, however, is very hard to dispose of at any price.

All grades of chickens in good condition are meeting a ready sale at good prices. The market is overstocked with Muscovy ducks, however, at the present time.

Maui red beans have advanced, as well as the small white beans, due to the shortage of mainland stock. Small yellow Hawaiian corn is selling as high as \$43, delivered on the wharf. All producers who have corn to ship should do so at once. Due to the arrival of Irish potatoes by the Matsonia, the price of Island potatoes has dropped and is likely to go still lower.

Aligators pears are still cheap and the market is flooded with bananas.

GOULD MAY BRING HIS PONIES TO MEET HONOLULANS

Local Conditions Delight Famous
New York Craik Player
of Polo

Jay Gould, who is visiting here with Mrs. Gould and his two daughters, has become an enthusiast over polo at the Moanaloa grounds, and will become a member of the Hawaii Polo Club. He has done some hard riding on the field, and has purchased several ponies. Mr. Gould likes the local field so well that he has stated that he proposes to return here in a few months, after going back home, and he will probably bring some polo ponies with him, with which to try conclusions with some of the local polo men. Honolulu has a lot of very good polo players, and Gould is no easy opponent, and one of the features of his stay here which has most enjoyed, is the playing at Moanaloa. In all probability he will be here again, later in the year, or next year, and will take part in polo matches as a member of the club.

A. M. BROWN INTEREST IN MAUI RANCH SOLD

The Waterhouse Trust Company yesterday announced the purchase of the interest of A. M. Brown in the Cornwell ranch in Maui. The name of the purchaser has not been made public. The purchase price is said to have been on a basis of \$200,000 for the ranch property. The ranch, which is one of the oldest estates in Maui, comprises about 10,000 acres in fee simple and about 20,000 in leases. There are approximately 3000 cattle on the property. W. F. Dillingham and Robert W. Atkinson own the remaining half of the ranch.

NO HOG CHOLERA IN JUNE
No outbreak of this disease has been reported during June. Dr. Neergaard visited one of the largest piggeries in the vicinity of Honolulu, but while a few shots were noticed to be coughed, assurance was given that no hog cholera had been lost and that serum was applied regularly to all young pigs, a week or ten days after birth, and again at the time of weaning.

DR. A. NORGARD'S SOREHEAD TESTS

Taking Disease In Time and Us-
ing Care Disease Can
Be Cured

A large number of outbreaks of sorehead have been reported during the past month, and in all cases where the required tests have been furnished, vaccine was prepared and either injected into the affected birds, or when on the other islands, forwarded to the applicants for use, by the territorial veterinarian.

The following observations not hitherto recorded, were of value:

A gradual spreading downward in so far as age is concerned, has been noticed as following the advance of warm weather. In the early spring for instance pullets and cockerels, and even mature birds, were most frequently affected. The season's first chicks, on the other hand, did not seem to become infected until nearly half grown and fully feathered, that is when they were about 2 to 3 weeks old. During May, 8 to 10 weeks old chickens, and during June, 4 to 6 weeks, and even downy 3 weeks old chicks, were commonly affected.

When no treatment was attempted the mortality advanced with the season.

Chicks less than a month old show the lesions first at the margin of the mouth, or eyelids, from which they spread rapidly into the mouth as yellow diphtheritic patches or into the eye as cheesy masses of fibrinous exudate. Unless promptly treated both locally and by vaccine, 90 per cent to 100 per cent of these young birds die.

Local Treatment
Our attention has been called to some very good results obtained from the application of ordinary crude or black oil to the sores and scabs, and even to the eye proper, after removal of the cheesy masses. Whether more effective than tincture of iodine remains to be seen. It may, however, be considered a good substitute when iodine is not at hand. We believe, however, that iodine is to be preferred for instillation into the eye.

Bad Results From Vaccine
In a few cases, vaccination has resulted in the appearance of bluish black discolorations and swellings at the place of injection, due possibly to spore bearing bacteria resistant to the temperature at which the vaccine is sterilized. In no case, however, has more than a few inches in any one flock become so affected.

Only one of these was saved by a timely incision into the affected parts and treatment with antiseptic lotions. The fact that such a small number only has become affected in this manner points to the possibility of the needle having been contaminated or else that the skin was soiled at the place of injection.

Follow Instructions
It is, therefore, well to adhere strictly to the instructions which require a sterile needle and the disinfection of the skin before injection. In order to avoid handling two sets of disinfectants, we have discarded the use of alcohol solution and use only tincture of iodine, a drop or two of which is placed on the skin at the point of injection, and the needle inserted through the resulting brown spot.

The new vaccine mentioned in the May report is now ready for final test on a large scale, and it would, therefore, be highly desirable if a large flock of young chickens, but slightly infected, or not yet infected could be located. The vaccine has been made in four different strengths, but experiments will have to be made on a considerable number of birds to determine the safe application of either, and whether single or double, before a general distribution can be recommended.

PLANT PATHOLOGIST HERE TO HELP SMALL FARMERS

C. W. Carpenter, a graduate of the University of Vermont, who has been in the department of agriculture at Washington for a number of years, has recently joined the Hawaiian experiment station staff. Mr. Carpenter worked on the fungus diseases of cotton and truck crops in the southern states before being transferred to Hawaii.

The particular diseases which Mr. Carpenter will investigate here are the root rot and bud rot of the banana, late blight of celery, die-back of the avocado, the leaf-spot of the sweet potato and the various wilts and blights of the common or garden crop. There have never been any plant pathologists here in Hawaii charged with the investigation of diseases of small farm crops. Case diseases and those of the pineapple have been studied by the ordinary run of field crops have had to fight their own battles.

MAUI WANTS WORTH AIKEN REAPPOINTED BY EXECUTIVE

The Maui chamber of commerce has voted to recommend to the Governor the reappointment of Worth O. Aiken as Maui's representative on the promotion committee. Aiken is one of the "inter-island members" who are to be selected by the supervisors and leading organizations of the different islands, and has served for Maui since the system of having members from each island was established.

MAUI FILES PROTEST

Another protest has been made by Maui against the plan to make Moai a national leprosyarium, the Maui Chamber of Commerce having passed a resolution on the subject last week, just at the time when the Republic convention in Honolulu was adopting a plank in the party platform on the subject. Several years ago the Maui chamber protested on this matter, and its action now is merely a repetition of its former utterances on the subject.

TRANSFER OF PROPERTY WILL HAVE DISCUSSION

Negotiations for the transfer of a portion of the channel wharf property from territorial to war department control, for a piece of federal property owned of the same name, will be discussed at a meeting Tuesday afternoon between the harbor commission and army officers. The chief of the army's department are expected to join in the consultation, and the Governor's ideas on the proposed exchange also will be sought.

SMOOTH ORIENTAL CROOK LOSES OUT QUICKLY IN JAPAN

Korean Criminal, Who Did As He
Pleased Here, Promptly Jailed
In Yokohama

HONOLULU POLICE WERE EASY: COURTS LIKEWISE

Nipponese Authorities, However,
Waste No Time With Kim and
His Shady Transactions

S. M. Kim, who has a remarkable record as a crook in Hawaii, is now before the high court in Yokohama, on trial for obtaining money under false pretenses. It is reported that he probably will not have such an easy time as he had when put in jail here, for while serving time here he succeeded in putting over a profitable financial deal.

A letter from the police officials in Tokio to the local Japanese consul-general asks for Kim's criminal record, and the reply will describe a wonderful showing of craft and crookedness. The letter was turned over to Edward Townsend, a Japanese interpreter, and Townsend undertook the work of looking up Kim's record.

As a result of the report that Townsend sent forward, it is probable that Kim will be supplied with a lavender prison, where he will find conditions different from those in which he served terms here, under which escapes have been rather easy.

Reads Like Novel
Kim's record in Honolulu reads like a dime novel. Upon his arrival from Korea in 1905 he represented himself as a linguist, speaking Chinese, Japanese, and Korean fluently, and also as a student of law. He was accepted by a well known attorney as "runner" in Hilo. Finding that working for a salary was not in his line, Kim printed about 200 of the attorney's cards, and sold them to Korean and Japanese laborers for one dollar each, saying that the card entitled them to free advice and protection by law, when they were in difficulty. For this swindle he was convicted and sentenced to serve one year's imprisonment.

After securing his liberty, he succeeded in gaining passage to Maui, and after a few successful months as a counterfeiter, was arrested while passing bogus coins, and back in durance vile he remained for a year. After being lodged in jail he decided to make a states' evidence, against several others who were caught counterfeiting, and after serving one year of his sentence he was pardoned.

Money Never Delivered
Former Marshal E. R. Hendry was the next victim to Kim's wily ways. Hendry was so confident that he reformed that he detailed him to carry a sum of money to Maui. Hendry made a mistake. Kim evidently landed in the Valley Lake with the money, but the gold was never delivered at its proper destination. So Kim, naturally, was again arrested, tried for larceny and sentenced for the proverbial one year.

After doing his "bit," he was again released, joined a christian society, and "went" for a few prominent Japanese, including the Consul. After extracting sums of money from them, on the pretense that he was organizing a great educational bureau, his contributors became suspicious, when his plans were laid out, and he had him arrested. When caught, Kim pleaded guilty, for he at no time was a fighting Korean, and on five charges of embezzlement he was sentenced to serve seven months on each.

Then came his masterpiece. While in prison serving his sentence, he actually succeeded in selling a pig ranch, which he never owned, and never saw, to an unsuspecting Japanese who called at the battle frequently, for the sum of \$1,200. When the Japanese arrived paying over the required sum to Kim, went to take possession of his ranch, he found that the property was occupied by another, who proved to be the rightful owner. Kim was, then charged with accepting a bribe under false pretenses, but because of lack of evidence, the case was never brought to trial.

Sails For Japan
Following this escapade, Kim was arrested, shortly after his release, for embezzlement; served one year, and after he emerged a free man was released upon a similar charge. While his case was pending, efforts were made to get him out of the territory. When the prosecuting witness failed to appear against him in the embezzlement charge, he was released and he sailed for Japan in the Shinyo Maru the same boat in which Japanese consul, H. Arita, was a passenger for Japan.